

Designing plasmon nanoparticles tailored for applications in nanophotonics

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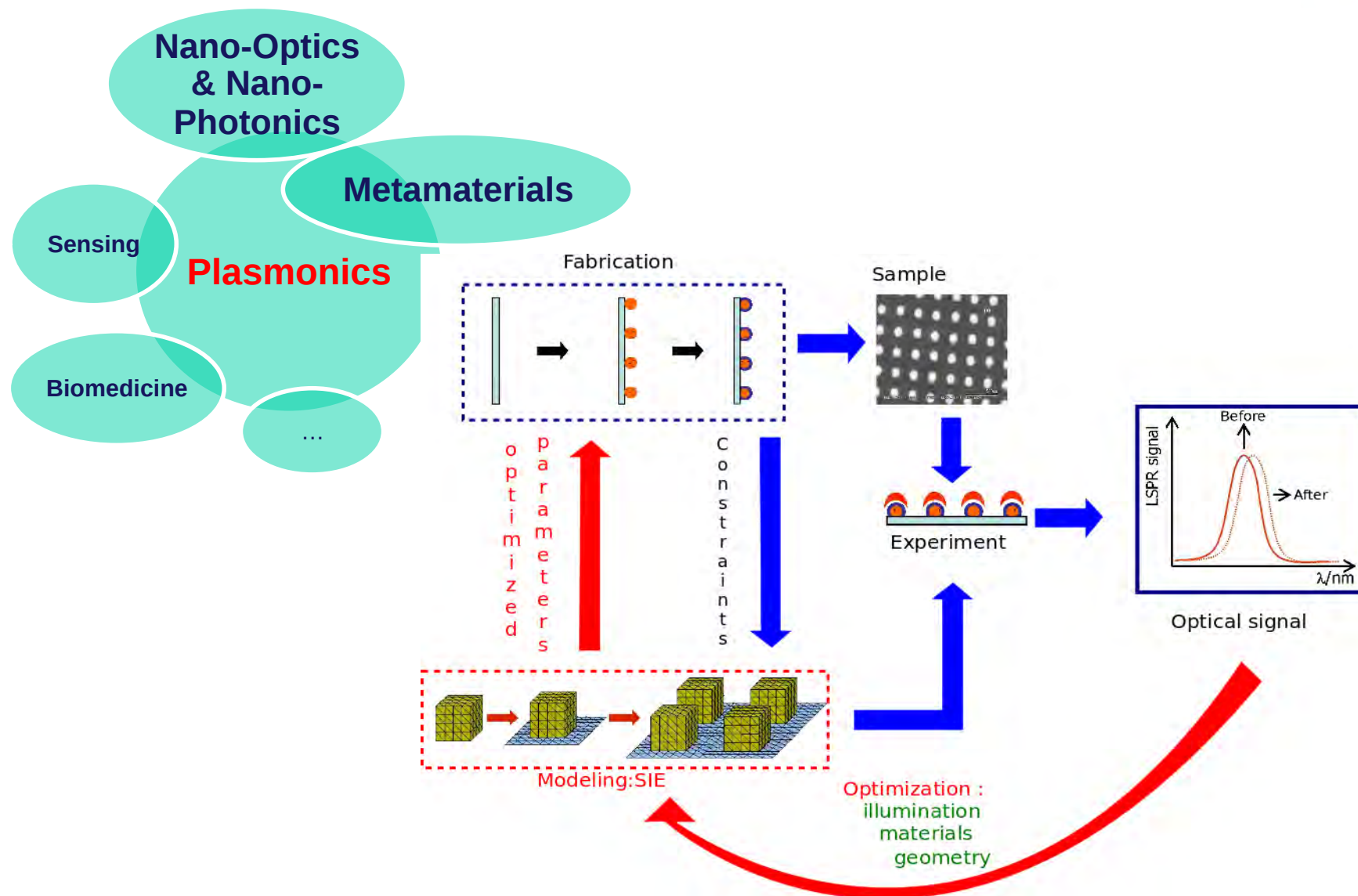
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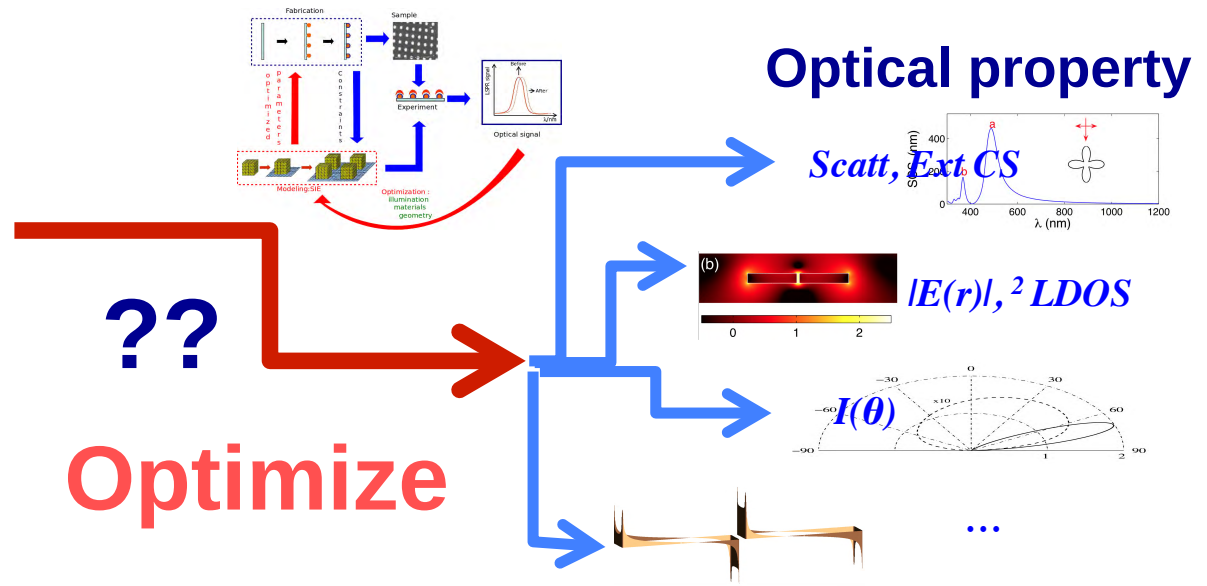
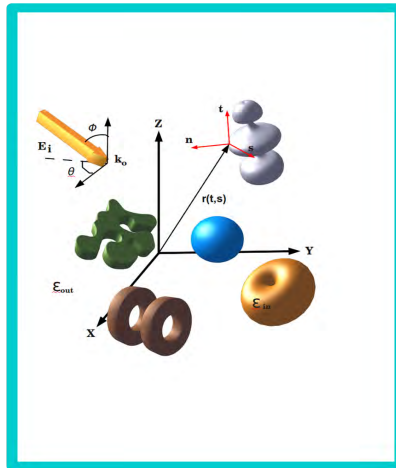
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Université de Technologie de Troyes (France)*

- Introduction: Design in plasmonics
- Calculation method: 2D & 3D surface integral equations
 - Formalism
- Design: stochastic methods
 - Genetic algorithm, ...
 - SERS: Nanostars
 - SEF: Nanodimers
 - ...
- Fano-like resonances on a single rod
- Conclusions

- Introduction: Design in Plasmonics **Why?**
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Nanostructure??



- Direct problem solver: Scattering Equations.
Rigorous, flexible, numerically efficient.
- Optimization method: Stochastic algorithm.
Convergence & time efficiency

- Introduction: Design in plasmonics
- Calculation method: 2D & 3D surface integral equations
 - 3D Flexible SIE: **Poster Rogelio Rodríguez-Oliveros**
- Design: stochastic methods
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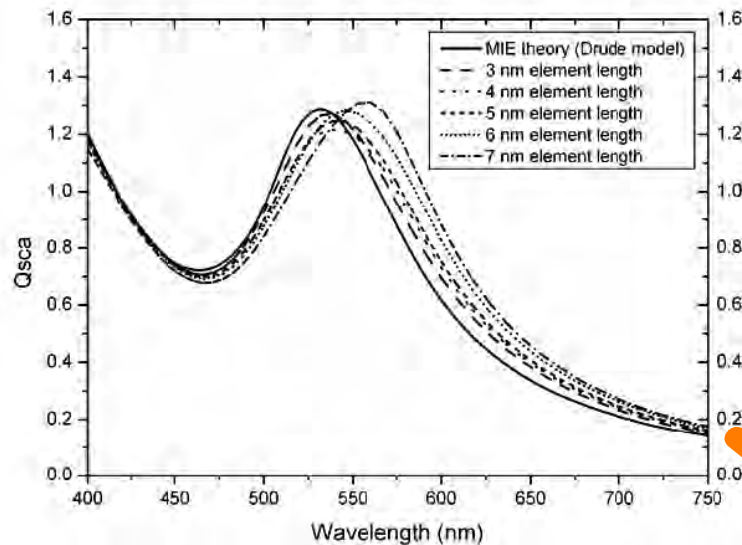
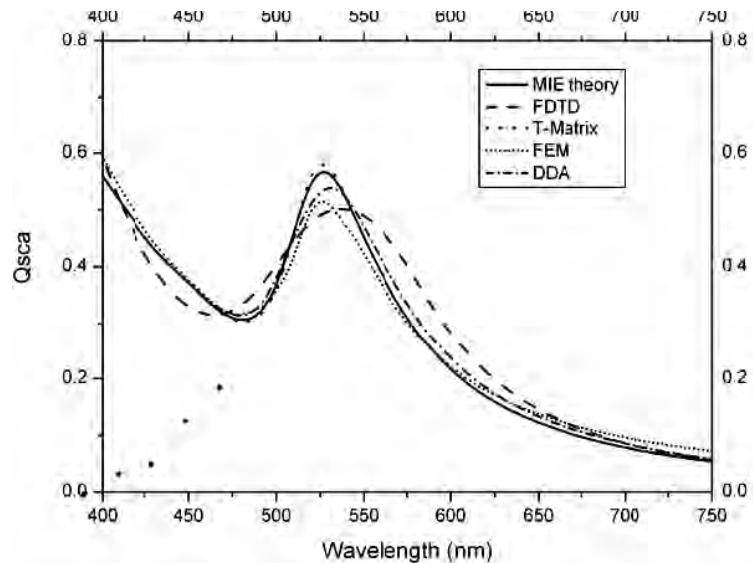
Theoretical/Numerical Methods

- Real Space
 - Integral
 - ✓ Surface: **Green's Theorem**, MoM, BEM,...
 - ✓ Volume: Green's Dyadic, DDA, MMP, CDE, . . .
 - Differential (Volume): FDTD, FEM, . . .
- Reciprocal (k) Space
 - Plane wave expansions: Reduced Rayleigh equations,...
 - Others: T-matrix (+EBC),...
-Commercial software

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Warning!!



Theoretical/Numerical Methods:

80 nm Au sphere
Comparison with

Mie Scattering:

- inaccurate!!
- (10^2 - 10^4 times) slower!!

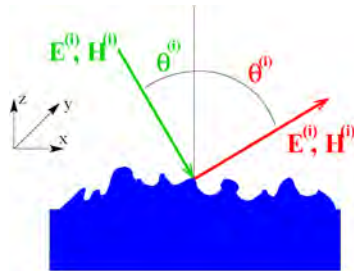
FDTD vs Mie

Warning!!

Barnes, J. Opt. A: Pure Appl. Opt. 2009

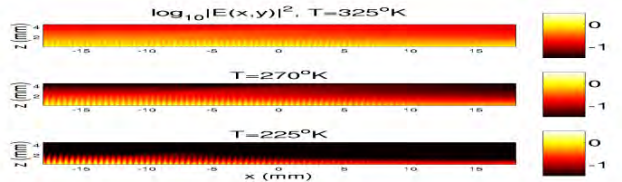
2D SIE

Rough surface scattering



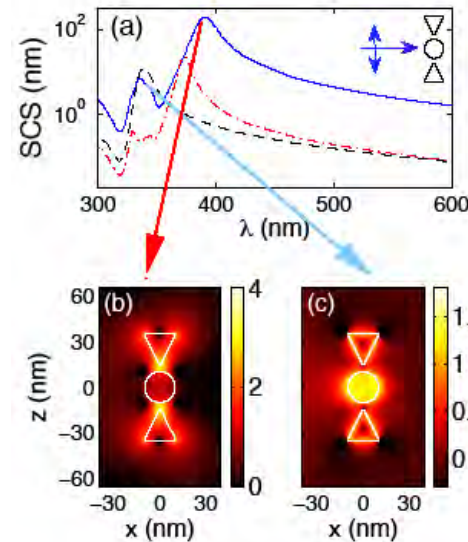
80s, 90s : Maradudin, Mendez, and co.
Nieto-Vesperinas, Soto-Crespo, S-G
Maystre & Saillard

SPP scattering

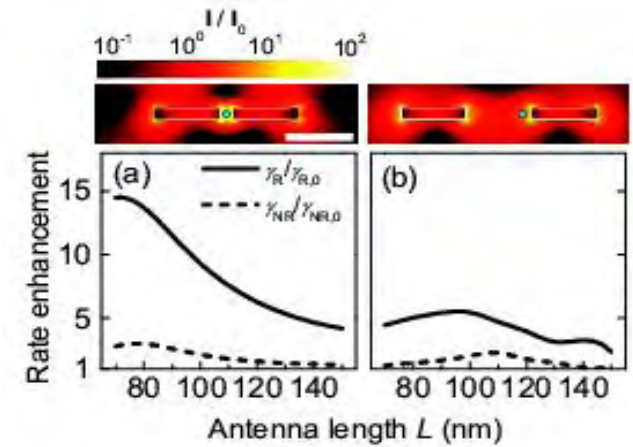


Gomez Rivas et al, PRL 2004, PRB 2006, APL 2008
Muskens et al, Opt. Express. 2007

Nano-antenna enhanced fluorescence



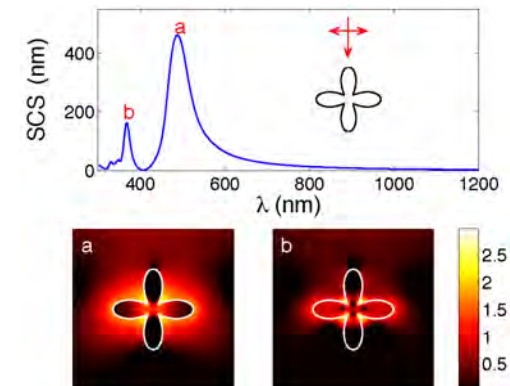
Giannini, Sánchez-Gil, Opt. Lett. 2008



Muskens, Giannini, Sánchez-Gil, Gómez
Rivas, Nano Letters 2007

LSP resonances, SERS, ...

Giannini, Rodriguez-Oliveros, Sánchez-Gil,
JOSAA 2007, Plasmonics 2010
Muskens et al, Opt. Express. 2007



2D/3D SIE: features

- Surface-integral representation of Maxwell equations (**Stratton-Chu equations**) → Exact EM scattering theory
- System of SIE for the unknown sources → surface EM fields $\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{H}$ (or $\mathbf{J}, \rho$)
- 2D/3D Surface mesh (N) → **System of linear equations $2N \times 2N / 6N \times 6N$**
- 2D/3D Surface in parametric coordinates → **Gielis' Superformula**

Gielis' supershape+3D super formula

- 2D

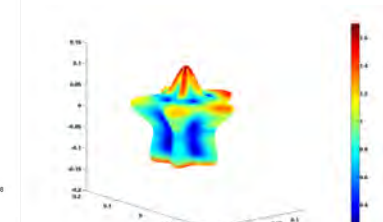
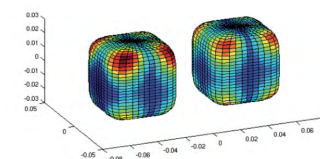
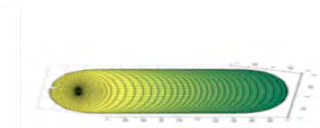
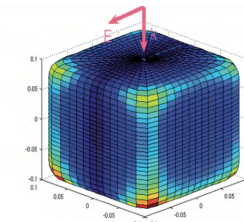
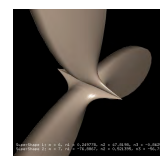
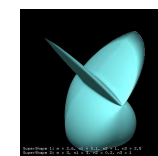
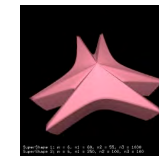
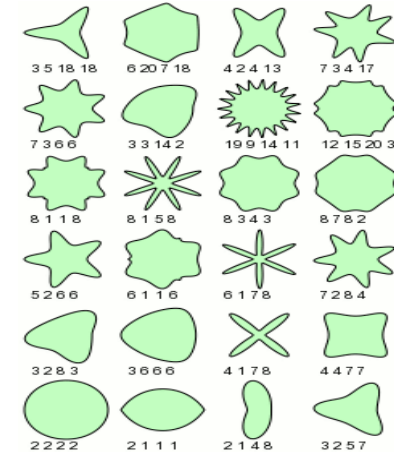
$$r(\varphi) = [|a^{-1} \cos(m\varphi/4)|^{n_2} + |b^{-1} \sin(m\varphi/4)|^{n_3}]^{1/n_1}$$

- 3D

$$x = r_1(\theta) \cos \theta \quad r_2(\varphi) \cos \varphi$$

$$y = r_1(\theta) \sin \theta \quad r_2(\varphi) \cos \varphi$$

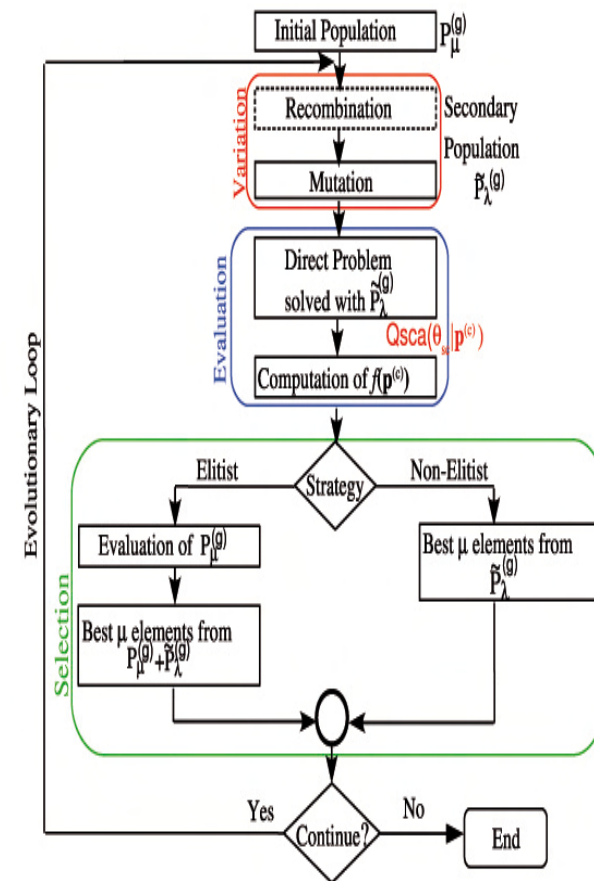
$$z = r_1(\varphi) \sin \varphi$$



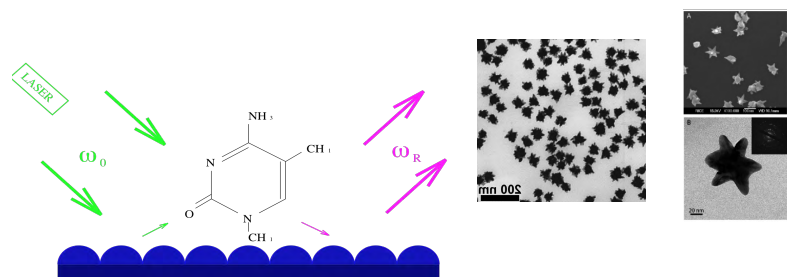
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Genetic algorithm

- Define **objective function**
 - SCS $\sigma(\omega)$, Near-field $E(\mathbf{r})$, Far-field $I(\theta)$, LDOS, ...
- Define **parameters** to be optimized ► SUPERSHAPE
- Initial random **population** of parameters
- **Recombination & mutation**
- Evaluation method
 - (2D/3D-SIE)
- Strategy
- Convergence



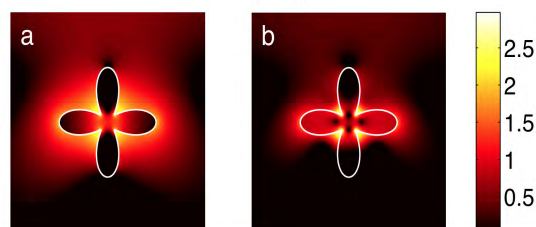
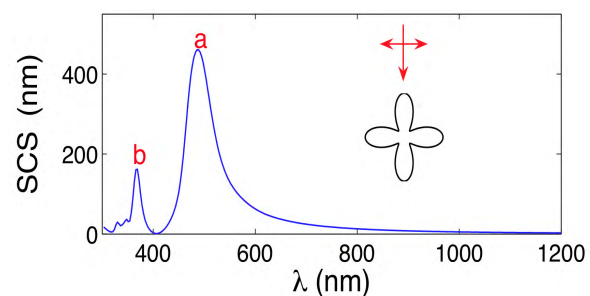
Nanostars/Nanoflowers: SERS



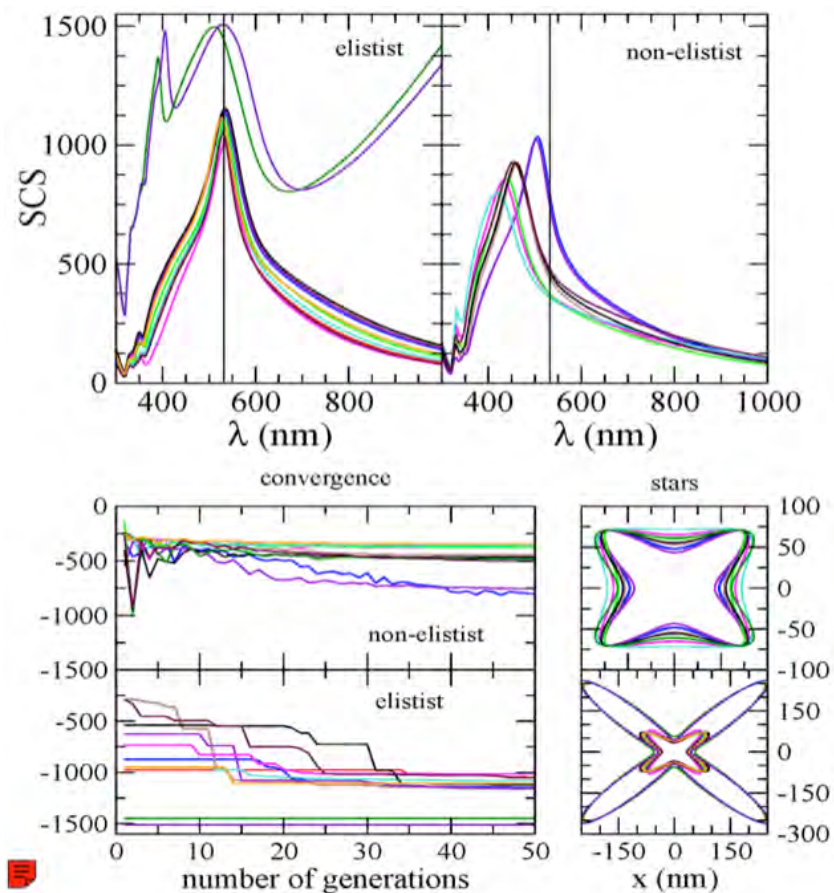
Metal: Ag, Au, Cu

Kumar et al, Nanotech 2008

Nehl et al, Nano Lett. 2010

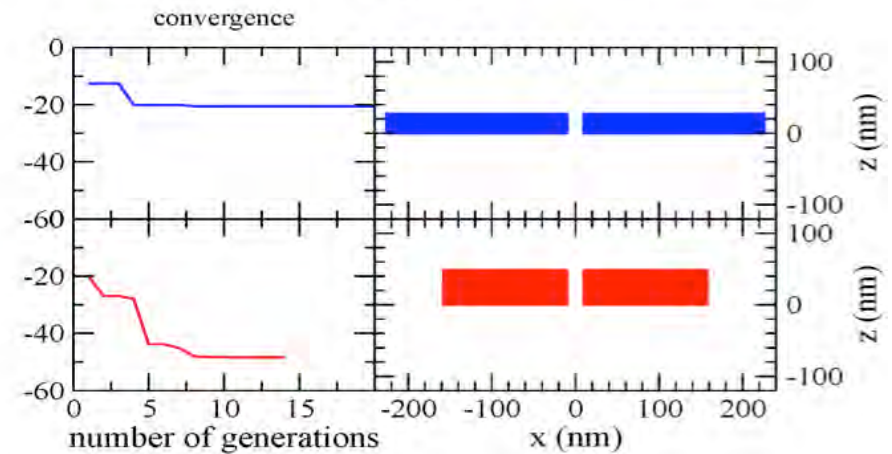
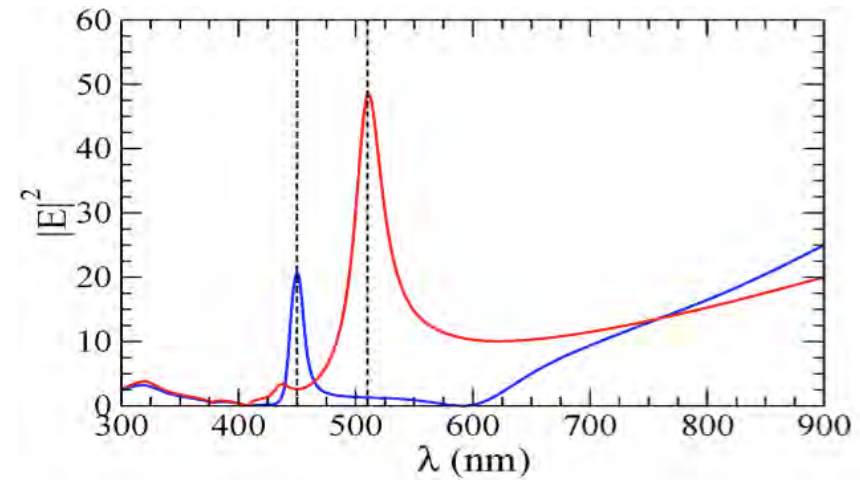
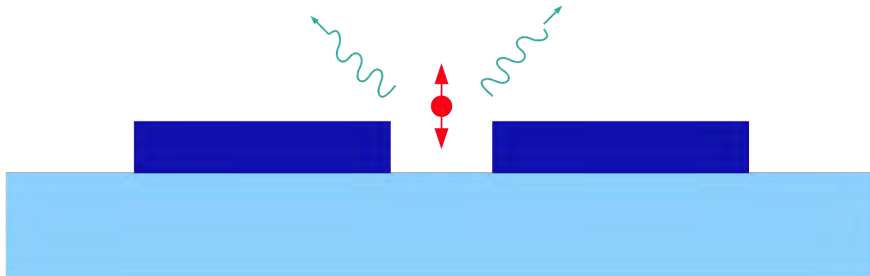


Giannini, Rodriguez-Oliveros, Sánchez-Gil,
JOSAA 2007, Plasmonics 2010



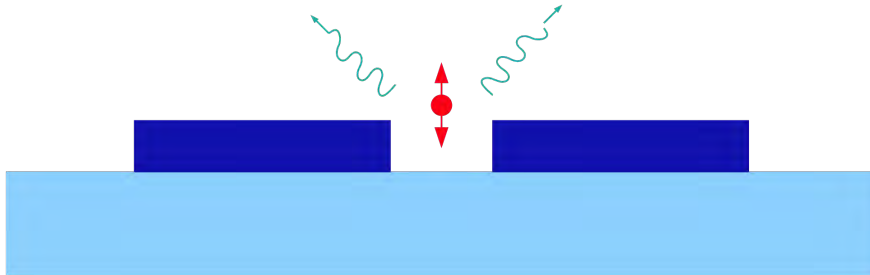
Tassadit, Macías, Sánchez-Gil, Adam, Rodriguez-Oliveros,
Superlattices & Microstructures 2011

Nanodimers: Enhanced fluorescence, SHG, TPPL, THG

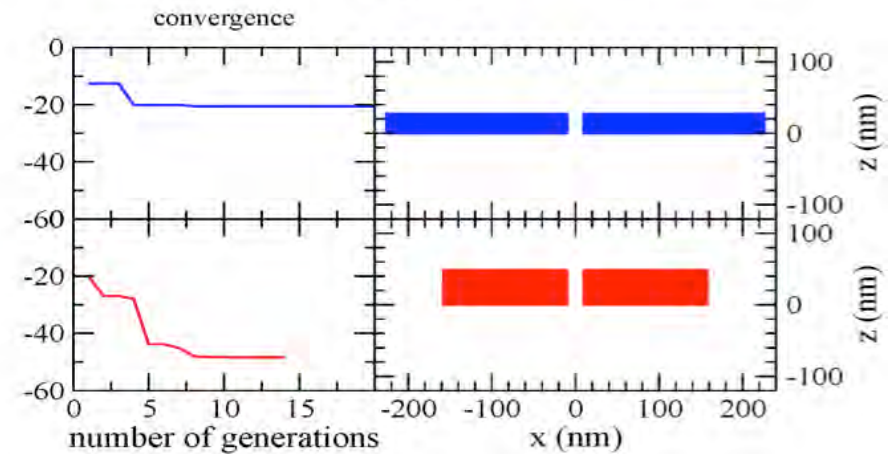
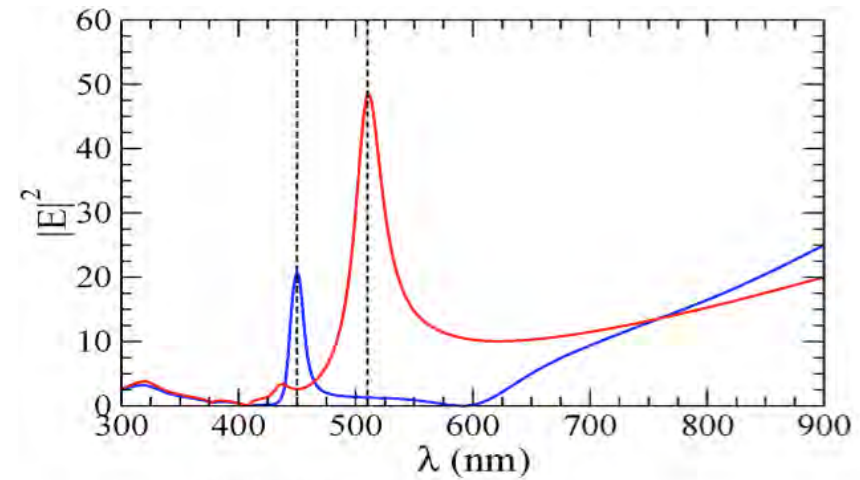
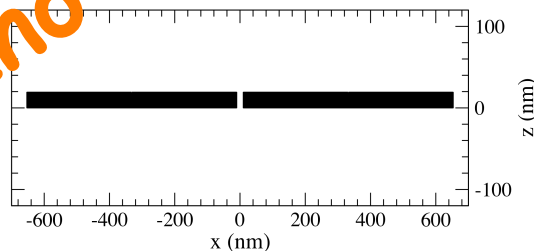
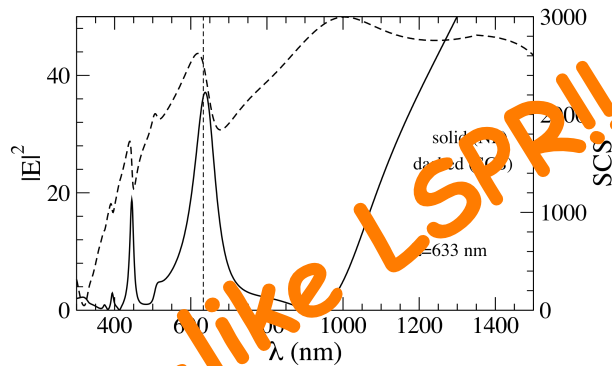


Tassadit, Macías, Sánchez-Gil, Adam, Rodríguez-Oliveros, preprint

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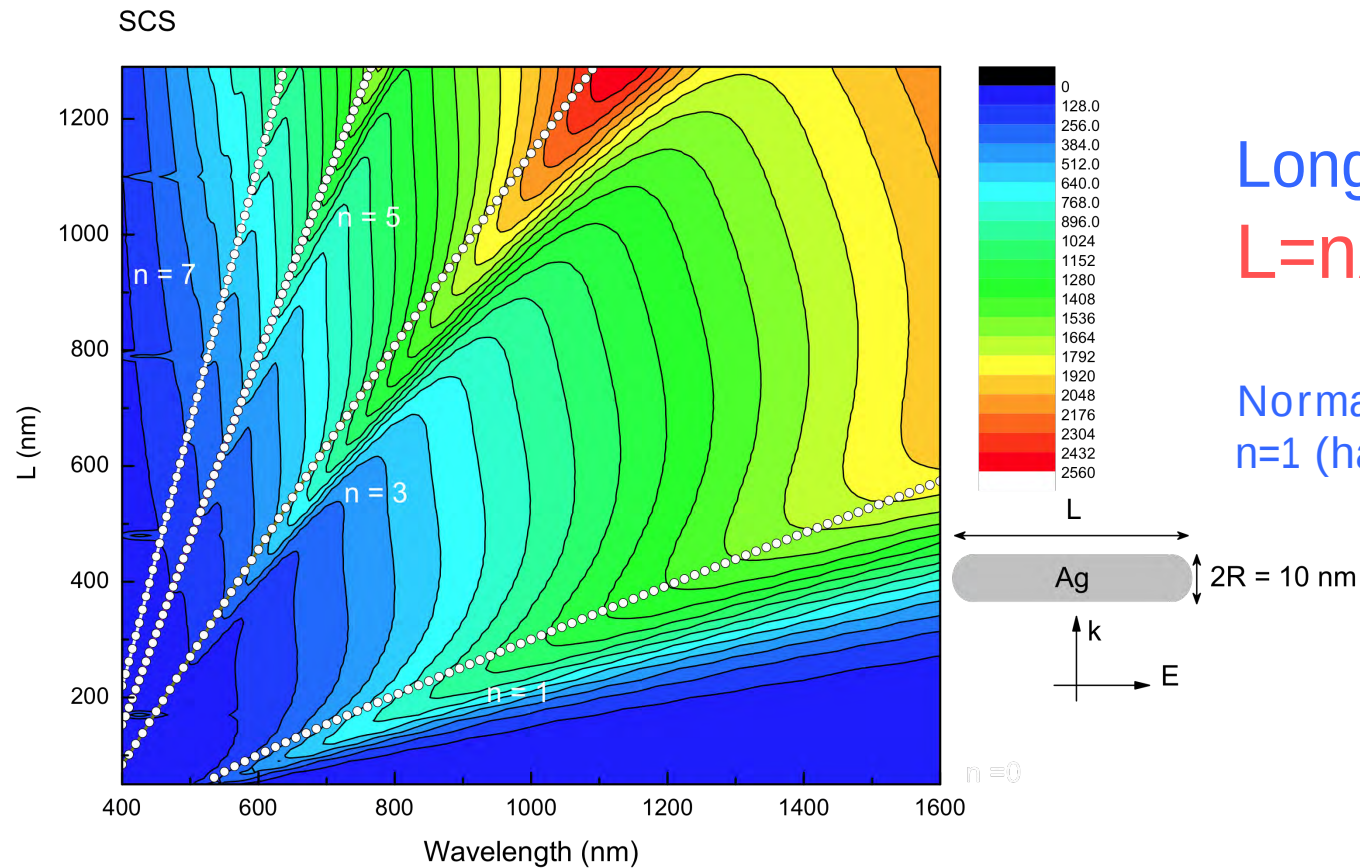
Enhanced 3rd-order resonance



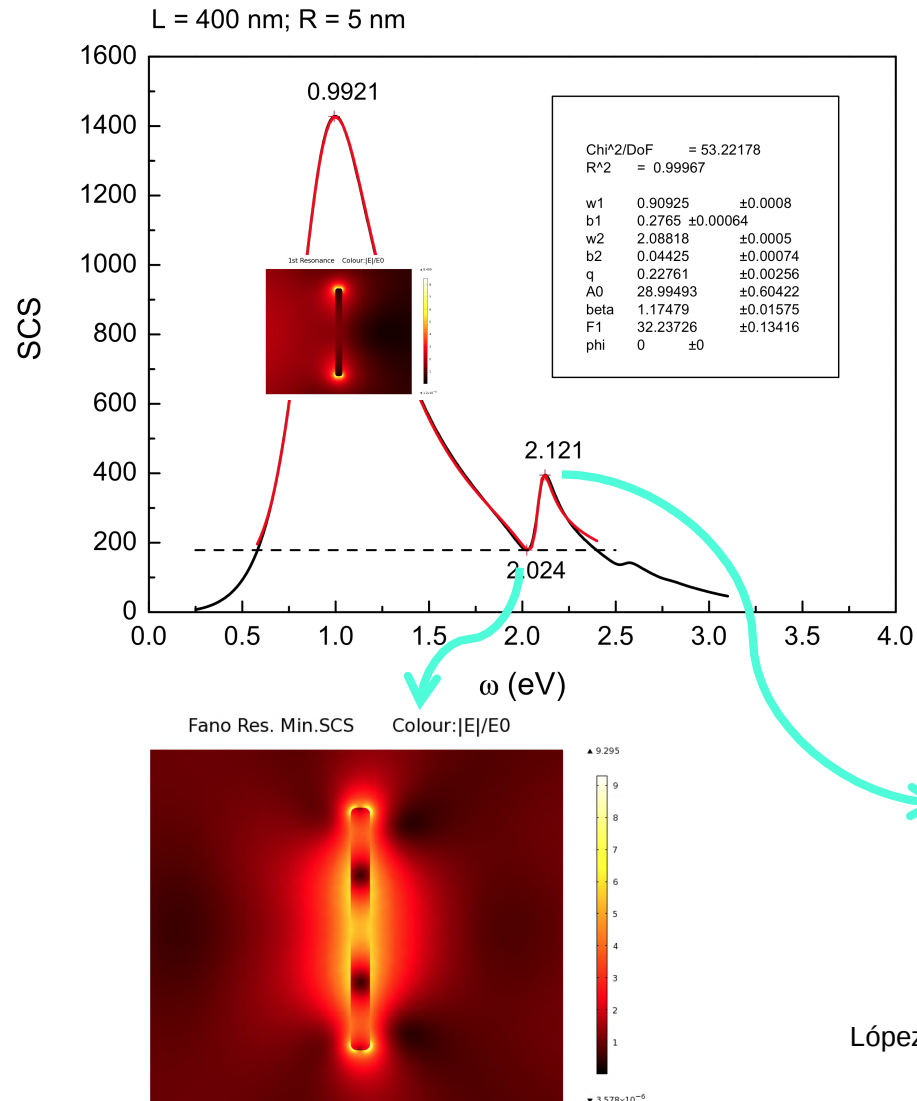
Tassadit, Macías, Sánchez-Gil, Adam, Rodríguez-Oliveros, preprint

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2D Nanorods: LSPR resonances



LSPR Interference: broad, bright & narrow, dark

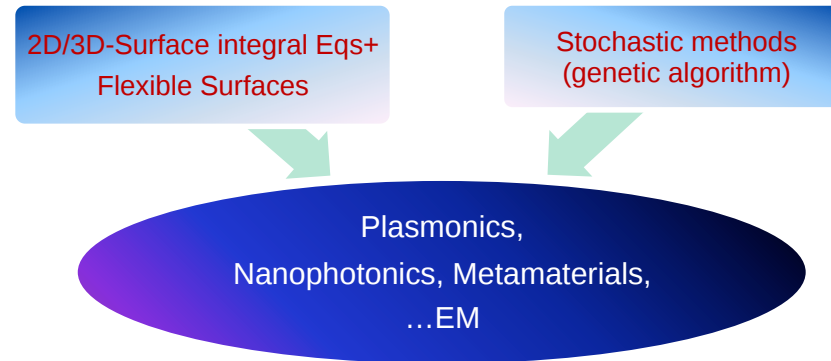


n=1 (HW) ► Broad, Bright
n=3 (HW) ► Narrow, Dark

2 Lorentzian fit:
 $I \sim |c_1 f(\omega - \omega_1) + c_3 f(\omega - \omega_3)|^2$

López-Tejiera, Rodríguez-Oliveros, Paniagua-Domínguez, Sánchez-Gil, preprint

► Two powerful theoretical/numerical methods



PS: Brute-force tools, useful to explore new physics & guide experiments

► Fano-like LSPR on a single nanorod

2D/3D-SIE + (2D-3D) stochastic optimization

- **Plasmon resonances:** Nanocube dimers, nanostars, nanoprisms,...
 - **Nano-antenna enhanced emission:**
 - QD/Dye photoluminescence (Nano-dimers & nanotrimers)
 - SERS (nanostars, nanocrosses, nanodisk dimers)
 - Light coupling into **nanowires**
 - **Metamaterials:** (nanorings) building blocks
- Extend 3D-SIE: periodic boundary conditions, homogeneization

Paniagua-Domínguez
Poster

Coworkers

Instituto de Estructura de la Materia (CSIC), Madrid (Spain)



Rogelio Rodríguez-Oliveros



Ramón Paniagua-Domínguez

Fernando López-Tejeira



Demetrio Macías *(ICD-LNIO), Université de Technologie de Troyes (France)*

Funding agencies



...Thank you

Surface integral equations: Brief (incomplete) overview

Optical regime: metals

70s: Sein; Pattanayak & Wolf;
de Goede & Mazur

...

90s: Rough (dielectric/metal) surface
scattering...

1994: 3D rough metal surfaces:

Tran/Maradudin (UCI) and
Tsang et al (UWA)

...

2010: IBC Simonsen/Maradudin/
Leskova PRL.

Low frequency regime:
PEC

Late 60's: MoM

...

1982: RWG+Galerkin

...

2009: Kern/Martin
extended to 3D metal/
dielectric scatterers



